

# **Flow of Borderless Thought: In Approach of Government Corporation**

**(Author's Photo)**

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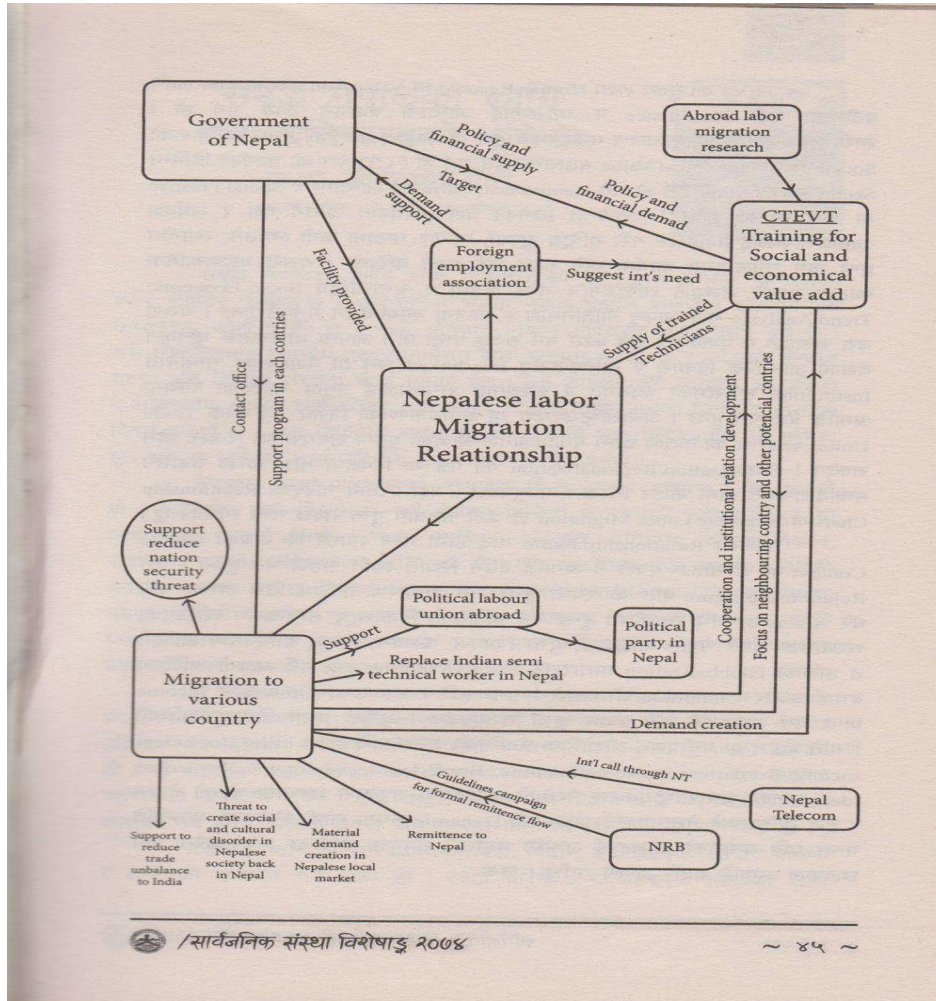
It is challenging for the government-owned corporation to remain stable in the open market by being self-reliant. The situation becomes tough for the country like Nepal which is half developed and impacted due to outer political interference. There was 76 government corporation in 1989-99 which now has contracted to around 30 plus and even half of them that are in operation currently are running in loss. This encourages me to discuss the issue from different perspectives. While observing from the perspective of trade union mainly, they think that the problem lies in the policy level of the government side which makes corporations on risk. While on the other side it is assumed that major political party after reaching in the government privatize the corporation and can privately operate in own by not being a headache for the government. Both sides are found doing less analysis by open heart on the impact of the quick change in technology, intra-cross border business, knowledge exchange, boundary less entertainment flow in international arena. In this article, I have tried making additional analysis

on how they can adopt the above-mentioned issues which are linked to the survival and existence of the public enterprises.

It is highly challenging to operate a public corporation in a country like Nepal in a perfect managerial way. Highly Politicize societies, poor bureaucratic approaches, and anomalies of a business houses or extreme politically intended thought are influencing the Nepalese society. Due to the political interference and unethical competition in bureaucracy and weak inspection, it is hard for the government corporation to compete with a product that is available in the market. The trained employees and government mechanism does not seem to deliver timely goods that are closely linked with the production chain or market chain and deploying human resources in a managed way. Government Corporation has not been able to free from extreme government interference while in another side political fraternal organizations that is in the government corporations as trade unions, get more preference on the operation of the enterprises guided by the party led selfishness due to which negative impact is seen on daily works. But this situation prevails mostly in less developed countries like Nepal. These internal and many other external factors are often being ignored by the leaders and government bureaucracy in the operation of a government corporation.

There is a fixed impact of external market and technology in every government or private organization. Its impact is high in some corporation while less in others. For instance, with the US tightening in the border of Mexico has risked the oxygen essential-Hukka industry in Nepal. If such production does not immediately market in other sectors than half of such industry that is being currently operated will be closed. With Baba Ramdev requesting Indian people to not to buy Chinese products, it will create a negative impact in the informal economy of Nepal due to a decline in product flow of Chinese goods that goes via Nepal. There is a living example of

National Trading Corporation that how it blocked from importing the petroleum products on the foreign interest due to the binding agreement between Nepal Oil Corporation and Indian Oil Corporation.



There are many such incidents whose regular information monitoring needs to be done by the leader of every corporation and should make a business plan of own by reading the future. Much impacting organization like metal industry, Nepal Electricity Authority, Food Corporation, Gorkhapatra Corporation, Pashupati Development Fund, etc. can operate in a better way by

managing internal issues like political and staff management, local market relation and scientific and managerial leadership in the process of implementation of projects then these government organization.

However, a corporation that gets impacted by the internal and external incident, they should do micro-study of the issue related to the corporation that is happening in neighboring or internal pocket area, and border including global. For example, the external impact on business and market of CTEVET that effect on Nepali economy and social development can be analyzed.

CTEVET is government-owned institution working to develop technical human resource of the lower and upper level. It prepares thousands of skilled and semi-skilled technical human resource for the foreign and domestic markets.

The main objective of CTEVET is to value add to the human resource so that the labor remittance can increase and individual income can rise for their own. Also CTEVT helps in raisin the social and economic value of each individual from normal labor to the skilled or semi-skilled worker. However, CTEVET's work is not only limited to increase remittance, personal income, and social prestige. It also helps to replace skilled and semi-skilled workers that come from India which helps to minimize the trade deficit and local conflicts including national security. This type of multiple benefitting organizations should prepare policy and implement it through regional and internal socio-economic trend analysis. Besides thinking that the organization like this can function alone, it should be looked which plans are interlinked with the internal development and policy of the other country and should move forward by prioritizing the work and organization relation to those countries. The trade union psychology of thinking that it is the duty of going against the internationalization and regionalization will not deliver the timely result in today's era. We should get out of the psychology of raising flags on the side or

against globalization and regionalization. I hope that the proposed relationship chart or Nepalese labor migration will help.

From the relationship figure of above, we can say that it is not easy for the organization to move ahead alone in the global context. It is clear from the relationship figure that a simple training providing corporation is related to many actors while the corporation that is connected with technology development and relationship like Nepal Telecom, Dairy Development Board, Nepal Electricity Authority, etc. should open all the doors to get the high growth and income so to be able survive in fierce competition with positive interference from globalization pace. It is not the situation of First World War or says the first industrial revolution time. At the context of a borderless society, borderless music and entertainments, borderless technology and ideas, it is appropriate to forward the practical thinking than restricted political think by the leaders on corporation and leaders in a trade union in a more dynamic way. I welcomed additional discussions regarding this.